Clock Lesson 4

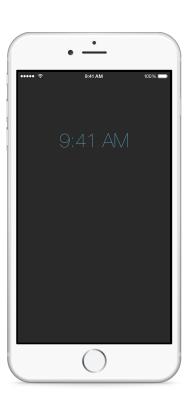


Description

Leverage iOS notifications and observers to display the correct time when the app is started and brought to the foreground.

Learning Outcomes

- Recognize the concept of notifications in the iOS platform.
- Apply NSNotificationCenter and an observer to perform behavior during application life cycle events.
- Compare the approach of using notifications with other explicit means of event handling.
- Combine Swift parameters into multi-parameter method calls.
- Define *selector*, and compose a method call that expects a selector argument.



Vocabulary

notification	observer	NSNotificationCenter
parameter	function arity	refactor
observer registration	selector	object life cycle
memory management	deinitializer	deinit

Materials

- Clock Lesson 4 Xcode project
- Notifications presentation

Opening

How can we tell the app to update the displayed time when the app enters the foreground?

Agenda

- Present the concepts of NSNotificationCenter, notifications, and observers.
- Discuss the difference between internal application notifications and app notifications for end users.
- Explore the NSNotificationCenter class reference, its defaultCenter class method and the addObserver:selector:name:object: method.
- Register the controller as an observer in viewDidLoad.

```
NSNotificationCenter.defaultCenter().addObserver(self,
    selector: "updateTimeLabel",
    name: UIApplicationWillEnterForegroundNotification,
    object: nil)
```

- Discuss parameterized Swift method syntax, and how to keep long method calls readable with formatting.
- Discuss the meaning of calling the addObserver:selector:name:object: method and the significance of the passed arguments.
- Explain the concept of selectors.
- Implement the controller updateTimeLabel method.

```
func updateTimeLabel() {
   let formatter = NSDateFormatter()
   formatter.timeStyle = .ShortStyle
   timeLabel.text = formatter.stringFromDate(clock.currentTime)
}
```

Refactor viewWillAppear: to update the initial displayed time.

```
override func viewWillAppear(animated: Bool) {
   super.viewWillAppear(animated)
   updateTimeLabel()
}
```

- Run the app (жп) and use the Simulator to send the app to the background (фжн). Wait until the OS X menu bar time indicator has changed, and bring the app to the foreground. Observe that the time is current.
- Experiment with using an invalid selector name when registering an observer in viewDidLoad. Run the app (ജR), send the app to the background (☆ ജH), bring the app to the foreground, and observe the app crashing. Restore the correct selector name.
- Explain the best practice of unregistering observers when an application quits or is "destroyed" from memory.
- Unregister the observer in a deinitializer.

```
deinit {
   NSNotificationCenter.defaultCenter().removeObserver(self)
}
```

- Explain the deinitializer's role in object life cycles and iOS memory management.
- Discuss how the app delegate has no controller-related responsibilities, and how the view controller encapsulates the coordination of updating the view.

Closing

What happens when you run the app for longer than a minute? Does the time update itself? How do we continuously update the display with the current time?

Modifications and Extensions

 Explore the ability to observe additional app life cycle notifications using NSNotificationCenter.

Resources

Cocoa Core Competencies: Notification https://developer.apple.com/library/ios/documentation/General/Conceptual/DevPedia-CocoaCore/Notification.html

Notification Programming Topics: Registering for a Notification https://developer.apple.com/library/ios/documentation/Cocoa/Conceptual/Notifications/Articles/Registering.html

NSNotificationCenter Class Reference https://developer.apple.com/library/ios/documentation/Cocoa/Reference/Foundation/Classes/NSNotificationCenter_Class/index.html

Teaching App Development with Swift

Clock Lesson 4

Using Swift with Cocoa and Objective-C: Objective-C Selectors https://developer.apple.com/library/ios/documentation/Swift/Conceptual/BuildingCocoaApps/InteractingWithObjective-CAPIs.html#//apple_ref/doc/uid/TP40014216-CH4-XID 40

The Swift Programming Language: Deinitialization https://developer.apple.com/library/ios/documentation/Swift/Conceptual/Swift_Programming_Language/Deinitialization.html

The Swift Programming Language: Automatic Reference Counting https://developer.apple.com/library/ios/documentation/Swift/Conceptual/Swift_Programming_Language/AutomaticReferenceCounting.html