SpaceAdventure Lesson 13

Description

Implement the ability to travel to a random planet.

Welcome to the Solar System. There are 8 planets to explore. What is your name? Jane Nice to meet you, Jane. My name is Eliza, I'm an old friend of Siri. Let's go on an adventure! Shall I randomly choose a planet for you to visit? (Y or N) Y Traveling to Neptune... Arrived at Neptune. A very cold planet, furthest from the sun.

Learning Outcomes

- Relate program design, runtime safety, and user experience to software quality.
- Discover and apply the Swift Array is Empty property.
- Distinguish a computed property from a stored property, and discover the computed property syntax.
- Recognize how Swift optionals can represent the presence or absence of a value.
- Discover and apply the optional binding syntax with if let.
- Practice writing if statements to control program flow.

Vocabulary

runtime error	encapsulation	array index
computed property	if statement	optional
nil	optional binding	if let

Materials

SpaceAdventure Lesson 13 Xcode project

Opening

How can we make our code more robust against runtime errors?

Agenda

- Run the program (**#R**), enter a name, choose Y, witness the program crash, and observe the "Array index out of range" runtime error displayed in the console (☆ **#c**). Stop the program with a keyboard shortcut (**#**.) or the stop button in the Xcode Toolbar.
- Discuss three possible improvements to the program: improving encapsulation, by making the PlanetarySystem class responsible for providing a random planet; improving runtime safety, by preventing the use of an invalid array index; and improving user experience, by only prompting the user to travel to a planet when there is at least one Planet object in the planets array.
- Using the Xcode Documentation and API Reference (🌣 #0), investigate the Swift Array isEmpty property.
- Add a randomPlanet computed property to the PlanetarySystem class.

```
class PlanetarySystem {
    var randomPlanet: Planet? {
        if planets.isEmpty {
            return nil
        } else {
            let index = Int(arc4random_uniform(UInt32(planets.count)))
            return planets[index]
        }
    }
}
```

- Explain the computed property syntax, and how the property returns an optional type whose value, when unwrapped, will either be a Planet object or nil.
- · Explain the concept of Swift optionals.
- In the SpaceAdventure determineDestination method, replace the existing naive implementation in the first branch of the if statement with an implementation that uses optional binding.

```
if decision == "Y" {
    if let planet = planetarySystem.randomPlanet {
        visit(planet.name)
    } else {
        print("Sorry, but there are no planets in this system.")
    }
} else if decision == "N" {
....
```

- Explain the mechanics of optional binding with if let.
- Run the program (**#R**), enter a name, choose Y, and observe the console (☆ **#c**) output stating that "there are no planets in this system."
- Discuss how the user experience of the program can be improved by only prompting for a planet to visit when the planets array is not empty.
- Update the implementation of start, to check for a non-empty planets array before prompting for the adventure and calling determineDestination.

```
func start() {
    displayIntroduction()
    greetAdventurer()
    if (!planetarySystem.planets.isEmpty) {
        print("Let's go on an adventure!")
        determineDestination()
    }
}
```

- Run the program (**#R**), enter a name, and observe the console (☆ **#c**) to see that the user is not prompted for a destination.
- In the SpaceAdventure initializer, restore the addition of each Planet object to the planets array by uncommenting (#/) the relevant lines of code.

```
init() {
    planetarySystem.planets.append(mercury)
    planetarySystem.planets.append(neptune)
}
```

• Run the program(**#n**) multiple times, visit a random planet again, and observe the different planets visited.

Closing

Our codebase has grown, and the SpaceAdventure initializer has a bit of a "code smell." Although it works ok, can you think of a ways we can improve the initializer?

Modifications and Extensions

- Within the randomPlanet property definition, combine the determination of the index and the subscripting of the planets array into one long statement. Make a decision about the readability of each approach, and determine which approach you feel is better.
- Replace the randomPlanet computed property with a method definition that returns an optional. Determine which implementation you feel is better, and explain why.
- Replace the if let conditional binding with a forced unwrapping of the randomPlanet property. Try running the program with both an empty and non-empty array of planets. Explain why you see an error in one case, and the difference between forced unwrapping and conditional binding.

Resources

The Swift Programming Language: About Swift https://developer.apple.com/library/ ios/documentation/Swift/Conceptual/Swift_Programming_Language/

The Swift Programming Language: A Swift Tour https://developer.apple.com/library/ ios/documentation/Swift/Conceptual/Swift_Programming_Language/GuidedTour.html

The Swift Programming Language: The Basics https://developer.apple.com/library/ ios/documentation/Swift/Conceptual/Swift_Programming_Language/TheBasics.html

Swift Standard Library Reference: Array https://developer.apple.com/library/ prerelease/ios/documentation/Swift/Reference/Swift_Array_Structure/index.html

The Swift Programming Language: Computed Properties https:// developer.apple.com/library/ios/documentation/Swift/Conceptual/ Swift_Programming_Language/Properties.html#//apple_ref/doc/uid/TP40014097-CH14-ID259

The Swift Programming Language: Conditional Statements https:// developer.apple.com/library/ios/documentation/Swift/Conceptual/ Swift_Programming_Language/ControlFlow.html#//apple_ref/doc/uid/TP40014097-CH9-ID127

The Swift Programming Language: Subscripts https://developer.apple.com/library/ ios/documentation/Swift/Conceptual/Swift_Programming_Language/Subscripts.html

The Swift Programming Language: Optionals https://developer.apple.com/library/ios/ documentation/Swift/Conceptual/Swift_Programming_Language/TheBasics.html#// apple_ref/doc/uid/TP40014097-CH5-ID330

BSD Library Functions Manual: ARC4RANDOM(3) https://developer.apple.com/ library/mac/documentation/Darwin/Reference/ManPages/man3/arc4random_uniform. 3.html The Swift Programming Language: Integers https://developer.apple.com/library/ios/ documentation/Swift/Conceptual/Swift_Programming_Language/TheBasics.html#// apple_ref/doc/uid/TP40014097-CH5-ID317

The Swift Programming Language: Collection Types https://developer.apple.com/ library/ios/documentation/Swift/Conceptual/Swift_Programming_Language/ CollectionTypes.html